

Determination of degree of water saturation

Name:	Date:
Material description:	

Specific density

$$\rho_s = \frac{m_s}{V_s} \quad [\text{Mg/m}^3]$$

$$m_1 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_1 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_2 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_2 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_3 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_3 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_4 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_4 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$\rho_s = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_4 - m_1 + m_2 - m_3} \cdot \rho_k \quad [\text{Mg/m}^3]$$

$$\rho_k = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

$$\rho_s = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3 \qquad \rho_s = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

- m_1 – pycnometer weight
- m_2 – weight of pycnometer and dried sample
- m_3 – weight of pycnometer and sample with liquid
- m_4 – weight of pycnometer with liquid
- ρ_k – density of liquid (temperature dependent)

$$\rho_s = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/ m}^3$$

Water content

$$w = \frac{m_w}{m_s} \cdot 100 \quad [\%]$$

$$m = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_s = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_s = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_w = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_w = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$w = \dots\dots\dots \% \qquad w = \dots\dots\dots \%$$

$$m_w = m - m_s \quad [\text{g}]$$

- m – weight of the sample (natural moisture)
- m_w – weight of the water in the sample
- m_s – weight of the dried sample

$$w = \dots\dots\dots \%$$

Bulk (total) density REGULARLY SHAPED SAMPLE

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \quad [\text{Mg/m}^3]$$

$$m = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$a = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}$$

$$b = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}$$

$$c = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}$$

$$V = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}^3$$

- m – weight of the sample (natural moisture)
- a – width of block
- b – length of block
- c – height of block

$$\rho = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

Bulk (total) density IRREGULARLY SHAPED SAMPLE

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \quad [\text{Mg/m}^3]$$

$$m = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_1 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_1 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$m_2 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g} \qquad m_2 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ g}$$

$$V = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_w} - \frac{m_1 - m}{\rho_p} \quad [\text{m}^3]$$

$$\rho_w = 1 \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

$$\rho_p = 0.9 \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

$$V = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}^3 \qquad V = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}^3$$

$$\rho = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3 \qquad \rho = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

m – weight of the sample (natural moisture)

m_1 – weight of the sample with paraffin

m_2 – weight of the sample with paraffin under water

ρ_w – density of water (temperature dependent)

ρ_p – density of paraffin

$$\rho = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

Degree of water saturation

$$S_r = \frac{V_w}{V_p} \cdot 100 \quad [\%]$$

$$S_r = \frac{w \cdot \rho \cdot \rho_s / \rho_w}{\rho_s \cdot (w + 1) - \rho} \quad [\%]$$

$$S_r = \dots\dots\dots \%$$